SETTING THE STAGE FOR FORMATIVE ASSESSMENT

PART 2: THE DISTRICT'S ROLE



Formative Assessment Bi-Regional Advisory Board

Central Comprehensive Center

- Colorado
- Kansas
- Missouri

South Central Comprehensive Center

- Arkansas
- Louisiana
- New Mexico
- Oklahoma



Setting the Stage for Formative Assessment Webinar Series

- **1. State** Sept 2017
- **2. District** May 2018

 - 3. School
 - 4. Classroom



August 2018





LEARNING GOALS

- 1. Understand what formative assessment is, its role in a comprehensive assessment system, and its relationship to student outcomes.
- 2. Learn how to develop a vision and long-term plan for formative assessment implementation in your district.
- 3. Learn how district leaders can establish the culture, structures, and supports for effective professional learning about formative assessment.



Setting the Stage for Formative Assessment

The District's Role

Webinar user's guide

May 2018

Setting the Stage for Formative Assessment: The District's Role

Preview

The learning goals below are addressed in the webinar. We encourage you to focus only on those concepts that are relevant to you. Indicate below which goals are of most interest. Following the webinar (and, if applicable, discussion with your colleagues), indicate the goals toward which you made some progress or gained more knowledge than you had before.

#1 >> Understand what formative assessment is, its role in a comprehensive assessment system, and its relationship to student outcomes.

	Of great interest	Of some interest	Progress?
Clarifying what formative assessment is			
Definition of formative assessment			
What research says about formative assessment			
Where it fits in a comprehensive assessment system			
Elements of the formative assessment process			

#2 ➤ Learn how to develop a vision and long-term plan for formative assessment implementation in your district.

	Of great interest	Of some interest	Progress?
Importance of definitional clarity			
Coordinating to existing programs and initiatives			
Evaluate quality of formative assessment in curriculum and instruction			
Building partnerships			
Examples of long-term plans			

#3 >> Learn how district leaders can establish the culture, structures, and supports for effective professional learning about formative assessment.

	Of great interest	Of some interest	Progress?
Culture and community of learning			
Essential resources for professional learning			

What is formative assessment?



What is formative assessment?

Which of these **best** describes your understanding of formative assessment?

- A. Formative assessments are strategies that teachers use to obtain information about students' learning. Some examples are learning logs, exit tickets, questioning and discussion, conferencing, and rubrics.
- B. Formative assessment provides teachers with early warning signals about students who are falling behind and who may benefit from additional help prior to end-of-year testing. Formative assessment informs decisions about curricular adjustments and professional learning needs.
- C. Formative assessment is a process used by students and teachers during instruction to elicit and use evidence to improve understanding of intended learning outcomes and support students to become more selfdirected learners.
- D. Formative assessments are assignments, projects, or tests that provide feedback to students about their achievement on a unit of study.

A.

Formative assessments are strategies that teachers use to obtain information about students' learning. Some examples are learning logs, exit tickets, questioning and discussion, conferencing, and rubrics.



B.

Formative assessment provides teachers with early warning signals about students who are falling behind and who may benefit from additional help prior to end-of-year testing.

Formative assessment informs decisions about curricular adjustments and professional learning needs.



C.

Formative assessment is a process used by students and teachers during instruction to elicit and use evidence to improve understanding of intended learning outcomes and support students to become more self-directed learners.



D.

Formative assessments are assignments, projects, or tests that provide feedback to students about their achievement on a unit of study.



A. Evidence-Gathering Opportunities

Formative assessments are strategies that teachers use to obtain information about students' learning. Some examples are learning logs, exit tickets, questioning and discussion, conferencing, and rubrics.



B. Interim Assessment

Formative assessment provides teachers with early warning signals about students who are falling behind and who may benefit from additional help prior to end-of-year testing.

Formative assessment informs decisions about curricular adjustments and professional learning needs.



c. Formative Assessment

Formative assessment is a process used by students and teachers during instruction to elicit and use evidence to improve understanding of intended learning outcomes and support students to become more self-directed learners.



D. Classroom Summative Assessments

Formative assessments are assignments, projects, or tests that provide feedback to students about their achievement on a unit of study.



A. Evidence-Gathering Opportunities

Evidence-gathering opportunities are strategies that teachers use to obtain information about students' learning. Some examples are learning logs, exit tickets, questioning and discussion, conferencing, and rubrics.

MOST COMMON MISCONCEPTION



Definition

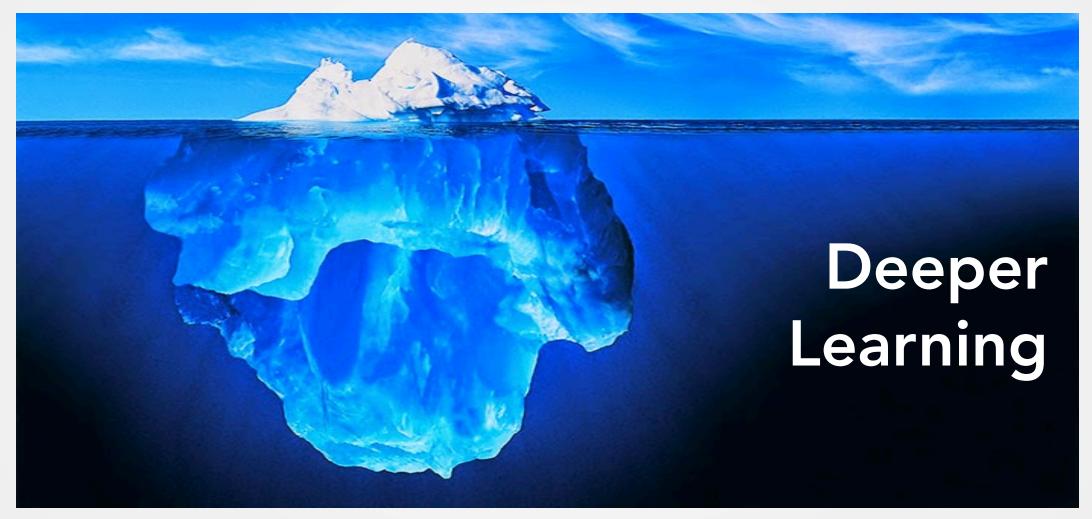
Formative assessment is a planned, ongoing process used by all students and teachers during learning and teaching to elicit and use evidence of student learning to improve student understanding of intended disciplinary learning outcomes and support students to become more self-directed learners.*

Council of Chief State School Officers (CCSSO)
Formative Assessment for Students and Teachers (FAST)
State Collaborative on Assessment and Student Standards (SCASS)

*Updated definition adopted by FAST SCASS in 2017.

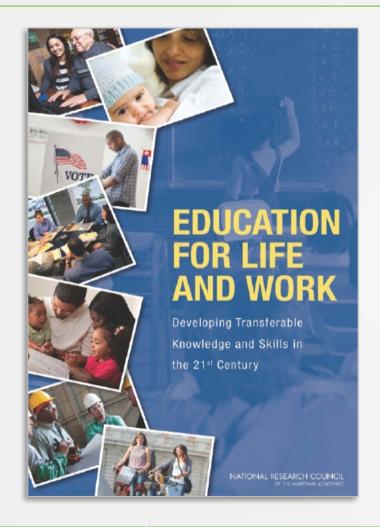


College and Career Ready Standards





National Research Council, 2012



- Defines deeper learning
 - taking what is learned in one situation and apply it to others
- Identifies instructional methods that support students' development of deeper knowledge

Focus on Formative Assessment

Formative assessment occurs hand in hand with the teaching and learning process and is an integral component of teaching and learning for transfer.

- National Research Council, 2012



What Works Best?

Influence	Effect size (d)
Student expectations	1.44
Piagetian programs	1.28
Formative evaluation	0.90
Teacher clarity	0.75
Reciprocal teaching	0.74
Feedback	0.73
Llowe over whe	0.20
Homework	0.29
Class size	0.21
Ability grouping	0.12



From Delivery of Instruction...





To Supporting Deeper Learning





Formative Assessment in a Comprehensive Assessment System

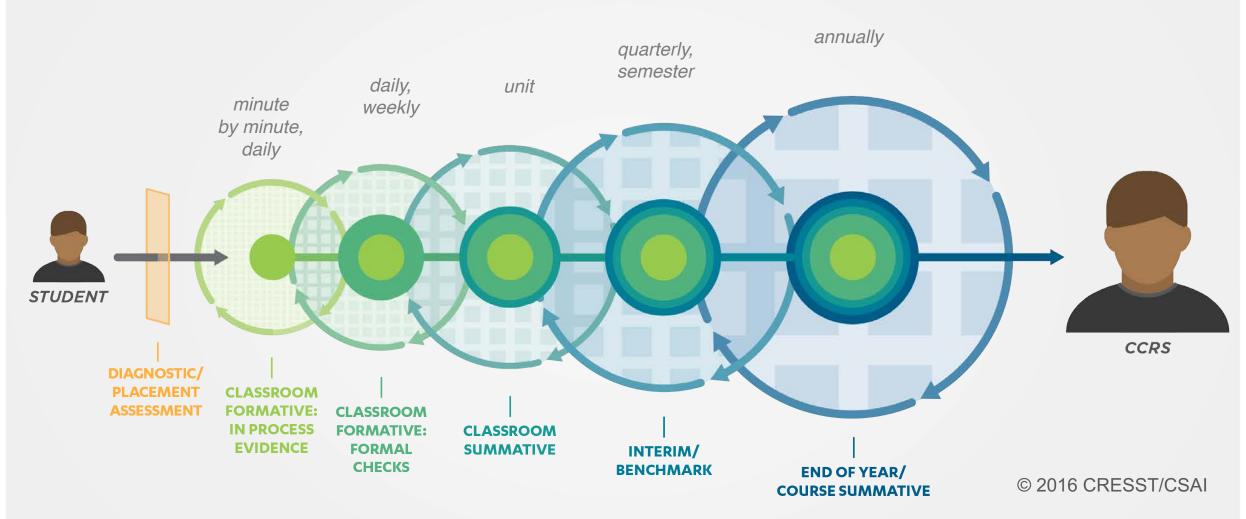
Comprehensive Assessment System



YEAR-LONG LEARNING PROGRESSION

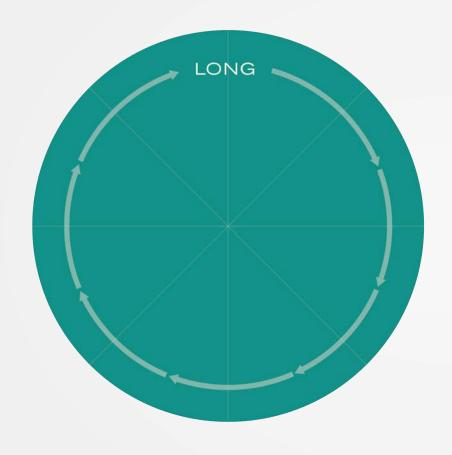


Comprehensive Assessment System





Length of Feedback Loops



- Long-term goals
- Assessment as a product
- Monitoring and reporting
- Evaluative (e.g., programs, curriculum)

(Ho, 2014; Wiliams, 2006)



Length of Feedback Loops



- Interim or unit goals
- Assessment as a product
- Predicting achievement for end-of-year tests
- Evaluating relative performance

(Ho, 2014; Wiliams, 2006)



Length of Feedback Loops

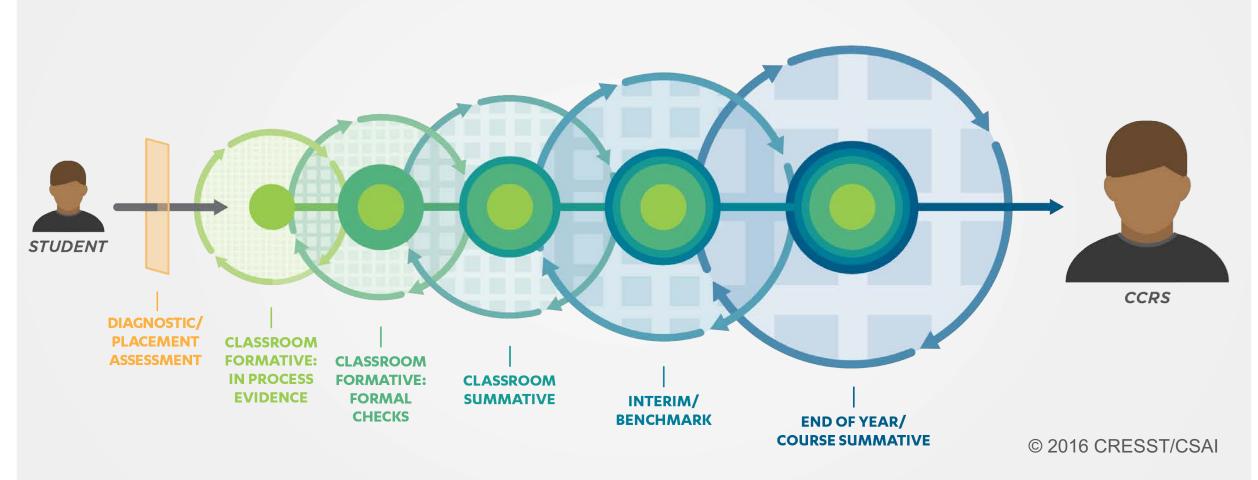


- Short-term goals
- Assessment as a process
- Informing immediate teaching and learning
- Providing feedback to improve learning

(Ho, 2014; Wiliams, 2006)



Comprehensive Assessment System





Formative Assessment Process





How to Evaluate Instructional Programs for Formative Assessment

Evaluate

How well do your existing programs and initiatives promote formative assessment?

Evaluate one or more of your existing programs for its formative assessment qualities. Programs can include anything that your district uses to promote learning such as textbooks, online programs, assemblies, professional learning initiatives, and so forth. For each of the 20 formative assessment elements listed below, ask: How well does the program do this? For example, a textbook series will likely score well on "helps teachers plan instruction" while an assembly about bullying might not, because the assembly's focus would likely not be on helping teachers plan classroom instruction. However, that same assembly might score very well on "teaches students how to direct their own learning" if it helps students to advocate for themselves.

Name of Program:

Instru	ctional practice) not at all or i	not applic	able 3	extremel	y well
1.	Helps teachers plan instruction.		0	1	2	3
2.	Has an impact on classroom instruction that is ongoing (rethan a single or limited number of events).	ather	0	1	2	3
3.	Focuses primarily on classroom instruction and interaction	ns.	0	1	2	3
4.	Elicits evidence of student learning.		0	1	2	3
5.	Provides support to analyze evidence of student learning.		0	1	2	3
6.	Supports teachers in using evidence to adjust instruction.		0	1	2	3
7.	Supports teachers in responding effectively to individual s	students.	0	1	2	3
Learn	ing goals) not at all or i	not applic	cable 3	8 extremel	ly well
8.	Uses college and career ready standards and/or other sta determine learning goals.	ndards to	0	1	2	3
9.	Situates learning goals within a progression of learning.		0	1	2	3
10.	Provides learning goals that can be reasonably accomplish lesson.	ned in a	0	1	2	3

Evaluate continued

How well do your existing programs and initiatives promote formative assessment?

Stude	nt involvement 0 not	at all or not ap	pplicable	3 extren	nely w
11.	Teaches students how to direct their own learning.	0	1	2	3
12.	Teaches students how to engage in self-assessment and peer feedback.	0	1	2	3
13.	Teaches students how to achieve learning goals.	0	1	2	3
14.	Teaches students how to identify any gaps between their understanding and the learning goals.	0	1	2	3
15.	Provides students with actionable feedback from peers and	0	1	2	3
	teachers.				
		at all or not ap	oplicable	3 extren	nely w
Equity		at all or not ap	oplicable 1	3 extren	1000
Equity 16.	y and classroom culture 0 not			67 60 170	nely w
16. 17.	y and classroom culture 0 not Benefits all students.	0	1	2	3
16. 17. 18.	y and classroom culture 0 not Benefits all students. Benefits all teachers. Promotes and supports a collaborative and respectful classroom	0 0	1	2	3

Look at the program's ratings across the four categories. How can the program be augmented or revised in order to strengthen its integration of formative assessment practice?

Evaluation Categories

- 1. Instructional practice
- 2. Learning goals
- 3. Student involvement
- 4. Equity and classroom culture



Instructional Practice

- 1. Planned
- 2. Ongoing
- 3. Classroom-based
- 4. Evidence is collected
- 5. Evidence is analyzed
- 6. Teachers adjust instruction
- 7. Teachers respond to students



Learning Goals

- 8. College and career ready and/or other standards
- 9. Learning progressions
- 10. Reasonable in size and scope



Student Involvement

- 11. Student-directed
- 12. Self-assessment and peer feedback
- 13. How to achieve learning goals
- 14. Identify gaps
- 15. Actionable feedback



Equity and Classroom Culture

- 16. All students benefit
- 17. All teachers benefit
- 18. Collaborative and respectful
- 19. Risk-taking and mistakes
- 20. Differentiation multiple modes and opportunities



Implementing Formative Assessment

Act

What are the roles of district leaders?

District administrators have great influence on whether and how formative assessment is implemented. Below are some of the steps that district leaders can consider to promote formative assessment.

			0				
1/	IC	ion	X,	n	an	nı	ng

What do you already have in place?

What could you do next?

1. Long-term commitment

What is your timeline?

2. Definitional clarity

Will your district commit to formative assessment as an instructional process that shapes daily classroom learning and teaching?

Alignment to existing initiatives and priorities

Can you find meaningful connections between your current programs and formative assessment?

4. Partnerships

How can external partners provide additional resources and assistance?

Leadership

What do you already have in place?

What could you do next?

5. Lead learner

Are you willing to engage in the work alongside students and teachers?

6. Team builder

Have you identified individuals who can spread formative assessment throughout schools?

7. Communicator

How will you regularly inspire and remind your community of progress toward the vision and long-term plan?



What are the roles of district leaders?

Resources for professional learning

What do you already have in place?

What could you do next?

Standards, assessment, and curriculum

Has the district provided a yearlong scope and sequence of instruction, a clear and comprehensible articulation of your district's assessment system, and the necessary instructional resources to implement formative assessment?

9. Time

When will teachers, coaches, and administrators develop their formative assessment capacity?

Allocation of funding and other resources

What content and services are necessary to do this work well, and how will that be provided?

11. Structures

What kind of collaboration, communication, feedback, and reflection tools and structures (e.g., regular meetings) will you use to keep the work moving forward?

Action Steps for Implementation

- ✓ Establish a vision & plan
- ✓ Lead the way
- ✓ Provide resources for professional learning



Long-Term Commitment

- ✓ Fundamental shift in thinking
- ✓ Difficult and slow process
- ✓ Different models



Long-Term Plan - Colorado

- √ 4th year
- ✓ Mid-size suburban district with high mobility
- ✓ Initiated by district leader
- ✓ District leaders 6 months ahead



Long-Term Plan - Arizona

- ✓ Initiated by state
- √ 4th year
- ✓ Multiple partnerships
- ✓ State-led district leader trainings & ongoing support
- ✓ State-wide online module training available
- **✓ District roll-out**



Definitional Clarity

- ✓ Misconceptions
- ✓ Requires expert knowledge
 - Formative assessment process
 - Subject matter
- √ Student involvement



Alignment

- **✓** Existing programs
- ✓ Identify gaps
- ✓ Dig deep
- ✓ Improved buy-in



Partnerships

- ✓ State departments of education
- ✓ Universities
- ✓ Nonprofit and for-profit education organizations
- ✓ Content and comprehensive centers



Partnerships

- **✓** Expertise
- ✓ Content
- √ Evaluation
- ✓ Network



Building Culture and Community through Leadership

- ✓ Model the learning
- ✓ Build leadership capacity
- ✓ Communicate to stakeholders



Essential Resources

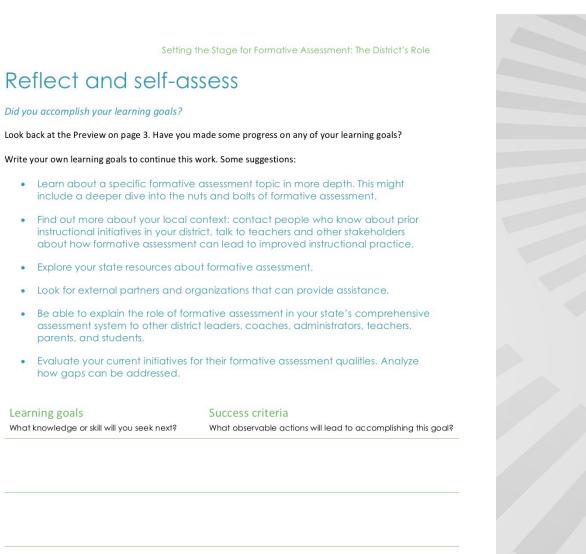
- √ Standards
- ✓ Learning progressions
- ✓ Comprehensive assessment system



Essential Resources

- **✓** Time
- √ Funding
- √ Support structures





Learning goals



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Setting the Stage for Formative Assessment Webinar Series

- 1. State CAS, definition, illustrations, ESSA
- 2. District definition & CAS, vision & planning, supporting implementation
- 3. School instructional leadership, professional learning communities
- 4. Classroom teacher practice, student engagement



Handouts & Contact Information

www.csai-online.org/spotlight/setting-stage-formative-assessment-webinar

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